## § 173.461

- (2) The total nuclear criticality control transport index for all packages in the shipment does not exceed 100; and
- (3) Except as provided in §176.704(e) of this subchapter, the shipment is not transported by vessel.

## §173.461 Demonstration of compliance with tests.

- (a) Compliance with the test requirements in §§ 173.463 through 173.469 must be shown by any of the methods prescribed in this paragraph, or by a combination of these methods appropriate for the particular feature being evaluated:
- (1) Performance of tests with prototypes or samples of the specimens representing LSA-III, special form Class 7 (radioactive) material, or packaging, in which case the contents of the packaging for the test must simulate as closely as practicable the expected range of physical properties of the radioactive contents or packaging to be tested, must be prepared as normally presented for transport. The use of non-radioactive substitute contents is encouraged provided that the results of the testing take into account the radioactive characteristics of the contents for which the package is being tested:
- (2) Reference to a previous, satisfactory demonstration of compliance of a sufficiently similar nature;
- (3) Performance of tests with models of appropriate scale incorporating those features that are significant with respect to the item under investigation, when engineering experience has shown results of those tests to be suitable for design purposes. When a scale model is used, the need for adjusting certain test parameters, such as the penetrator diameter or the compressive load, must be taken into account; or
- (4) Calculations or reasoned evaluation, using reliable and conservative procedures and parameters.
- (b) With respect to the initial conditions for the tests under \$\$173.463 through 173.469, except for the water immersion tests, compliance must be based upon the assumption that the package is in equilibrium at an ambient temperature of  $38^{\circ}$ C ( $100^{\circ}$ F).

## §173.462 Preparation of specimens for testing.

- (a) Each specimen (i.e., sample, prototype or scale model) must be examined before testing to identify and record faults or damage, including:
- (1) Divergence from the specifications or drawings;
  - (2) Defects in construction;
- (3) Corrosion or other deterioration; and
  - (4) Distortion of features.
- (b) Any deviation found under paragraph (a) of this section from the specified design must be corrected or appropriately taken into account in the subsequent evaluation.
- (c) The containment system of the packaging must be clearly specified.
- (d) The external features of the specimen must be clearly identified so that reference may be made to any part of it

## §173.465 Type A packaging tests.

- (a) The packaging, with contents, must be capable of withstanding the water spray, free drop, stacking and penetration tests prescribed in this section. One prototype may be used for all tests if the requirements of paragraph (b) of this section are met.
- (b) Water spray test. The water spray test must precede each test or test sequence prescribed in this section. The water spray test must simulate exposure to rainfall of approximately 5 centimeters (2 inches) per hour for at least one hour. The time interval between the end of the water spray test and the beginning of the next test must be such that the water has soaked in to the maximum extent without appreciable drying of the exterior of the specimen. In the absence of evidence to the contrary, this interval may be assumed to be two hours if the water spray is applied from four different directions simultaneously. However, no time interval may elapse if the water spray is applied from each of the four directions consecutively.
- (c) Free drop test. The specimen must drop onto the target so as to suffer maximum damage to the safety features being tested, and:
- (1) The height of the drop measured from the lowest point of the specimen to the upper surface of the target may